

Household Type (17), Household Size (9) and Structural Type of Dwelling (10) for Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2011 Census ¹

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Geography ([Geographic index](#))
 Division No. 11

Structural type of dwelling (10)
 Total - Structural type of dwelling

Submit

Division No. 11

Household type (17)	Household size (9)								Number of persons in private households	Average number of persons in private households
	Total - Private households	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 or more persons			
Total - Household type ¹	810	120	205	155	160	95	75	2,610.0	3.2	
Census family households	660	0	185	150	160	95	70	2,425.0	3.7	
One-family only households ²	515	0	180	125	125	50	25	1,675.0	3.3	
Couple family households ³	435	0	145	110	105	45	25	1,465.0	3.3	
Without children	145	0	145	0	0	0	0	285.0	2.0	
With children	295	0	0	110	110	50	25	1,175.0	4.0	
Lone-parent family households	75	0	40	20	15	5	0	215.0	2.8	
Other family households ⁴	145	0	0	25	30	45	45	750.0	5.2	
One-family households with persons not in a census family	80	0	0	25	20	20	20	365.0	4.5	
Couple family households ⁵	60	0	0	10	15	20	10	270.0	4.9	
Without children	15	0	0	10	0	5	0	55.0	3.7	
With children	45	0	0	0	10	15	15	215.0	5.2	
Lone-parent family households	20	0	0	10	0	5	5	95.0	3.6	
Two-or-more-family households	65	0	0	0	10	25	25	385.0	5.9	
Non-census family households	150	120	15	10	0	0	0	190.0	1.2	
One-person households	120	120	0	0	0	0	0	120.0	1.0	
Two-or-more-person households	30	0	20	5	0	0	0	65.0	2.8	

Note(s) :

1. TOTAL - HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Household type

Part A - Short definition

Not applicable

Part B - Detailed definition

Refers to the basic division of private households into family and non-family households. Family household refers to a household that contains at least one census family, that is, a married couple with or without children, or a couple living common-law with or without children, or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family). One-family household refers to a single census family (with or without other persons) that occupies a private dwelling. Multiple-family household refers to a household in which two or more census families (with or without additional persons) occupy the same private dwelling. Family households may also be divided based on the presence of persons not in a census family. Non-family household refers to either one person living alone in a private dwelling or to a group of two or more people who share a private dwelling, but who do not constitute a census family.

2. ONE-FAMILY ONLY HOUSEHOLDS

Refers to households that consist solely of one census family without additional persons.

3. COUPLE FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS

Refers to households with opposite-sex or same-sex couples.

4. OTHER FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS

Refers to one-census family households with additional persons and to multiple-census family households, with or without additional persons.

5. COUPLE FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS

Refers to households with opposite-sex or same-sex couples.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2011 Census of Population, Statistics Canada catalogue no. 98-313-XCB2011023 (Division No. 11, Code1011)

* Please note that for selected census standard data/reference products, data users will notice that a number appears in parentheses following the presentation of certain variables. This number may appear in a table title and/or following the variable name within the product subset itself (e.g., Age (13)). The number represents the quantity of variable sub-categories the particular product is presenting. For example, Age (13) presents thirteen (13) distinct age groups (variable sub-categories).